JEE-MAIN EXAMINATION - APRIL, 2024

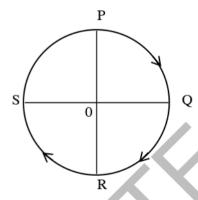
(Held On Thursday 04th April, 2024)

TIME: 3:00 PM to 6:00 PM

PHYSICS

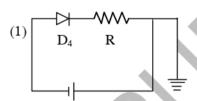
SECTION-A

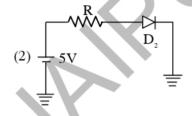
- 31. The translational degrees of freedom (ft) and rotational degrees of freedom (f_r) of CH₄ molecule are :
 - (1) $f_t = 2$ and $f_r = 2$
 - (2) $f_t = 3$ and $f_r = 3$
 - (3) $f_t = 3$ and $f_r = 2$
 - (4) $f_t = 2$ and $f_r = 3$
- 32. A cyclist starts from the point P of a circular ground of radius 2 km and travels along its circumference to the point S. The displacement of a cyclist is:

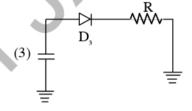


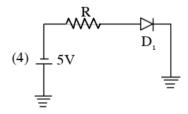
- (1) 6 km
- (2) $\sqrt{8} \text{ km}$
- (3) 4 km
- (4) 8 km
- The magnetic moment of a bar magnet is 0.5 Am². 33. It is suspended in a uniform magnetic field of 8×10^{-2} T. The work done in rotating it from its most stable to most unstable position is:
 - (1) $16 \times 10^{-2} \text{ J}$
 - (2) $8 \times 10^{-2} \text{ J}$
 - $(3) 4 \times 10^{-2} J$
 - (4) Zero

34. Which of the diode circuit shows correct biasing used for the measurement of dynamic resistance of p-n junction diode:







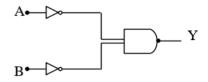


- 35. Arrange the following in the ascending order of wavelength:
 - (A) Gamma rays (λ_1)
- (B) x-ray (λ_2)
- (C) Infrared waves (λ_3) (D) Microwaves (λ_4)

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- $(1) \lambda_4 < \lambda_3 < \lambda_1 < \lambda_2$
- (2) $\lambda_4 < \lambda_3 < \lambda_2 < \lambda_1$
- $(3) \lambda_1 < \lambda_2 < \lambda_3 < \lambda_4 \qquad (4) \lambda_2 < \lambda_1 < \lambda_4 < \lambda_3$

36. Identify the logic gate given in the circuit:



- (1) NAND gate
- (2) OR gate
- (3) AND gate
- (4) NOR gate
- 37. The width of one of the two slits in a Young's double slit experiment is 4 times that of the other slit. The ratio of the maximum of the minimum intensity in the interference pattern is:
 - (1) 9 : 1
 - (2) 16:1
 - (3) 1:1
 - (4) 4:1
- **38.** Correct formula for height of a satellite from earths surface is:

$$(1)\left(\frac{T^2R^2g}{4\pi}\right)^{1/2}-R$$

$$(2) \left(\frac{T^2 R^2 g}{4\pi^2} \right)^{\!\! 1/3} - R$$

$$(3) \left(\frac{T^2 R^2}{4\pi^2 g} \right)^{1/3} - R$$

$$(4)\left(\frac{T^2R^2}{4\pi^2}\right)^{\!\!-1/3} + R$$

39. Match List I with List II

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	List–I		List-II
A.	Purely capacitive circuit	I.	$I \uparrow \longrightarrow V$
В.	Purely inductive circuit	II.	I v
C.	LCR series at resonance	III.	θ I
D.	LCR series circuit	IV.	V^{\uparrow} $1^{90^{\circ}}$ I

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) A-I, B-IV, C-III, D-II
- (2) A-IV, B-I, C-III, D-II
- (3) A-IV, B-I, C-II, D-III
- (4) A-I, B-IV, C-II, D-III
- **40.** Given below are two statements:

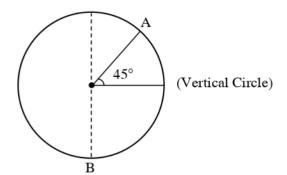
Statement I: The contact angle between a solid and a liquid is a property of the material of the solid and liquid as well.

Statement II: The rise of a liquid in a capillary tube does not depend on the inner radius of the tube.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are false
- (2) Statement I is false but Statement II is true.
- (3) Statement I is true but Statement II is false.
- (4) Both Statement I and Statement II are true.

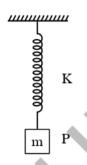
41. A body of m kg slides from rest along the curve of vertical circle from point A to B in friction less path. The velocity of the body at B is:



(given, R = 14 m, g = 10 m/s² and $\sqrt{2}$ = 1.4)

- (1) 19.8 m/s
- (2) 21.9 m/s
- (3) 16.7 m/s
- (4) 10.6 m/s
- 42. An electric bulb rated 50 W 200 V is connected across a 100 V supply. The power dissipation of the bulb is:
 - (1) 12.5 W
 - (2) 25 W
 - (3) 50 W
 - (4) 100 W
- 43. A 2 kg brick begins to slide over a surface which is inclined at an angle of 45° with respect to horizontal axis. The co-efficient of static friction between their surfaces is:
 - (1) 1
 - (2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$
 - (3) 0.5
 - (4) 1.7

44. In simple harmonic motion, the total mechanical energy of given system is E. If mass of oscillating particle P is doubled then the new energy of the system for same amplitude is:



- $(1) \; \frac{\mathrm{E}}{\sqrt{2}}$
- (2) E
- (3) $E\sqrt{2}$
- (4) 2E
- 45. Given below are two statements: one is labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as Reason R.Assertion A: Number of photons increases with increase in frequency of light.

Reason R: Maximum kinetic energy of emitted electrons increases with the frequency of incident radiation.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate** answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both **A** and **R** are correct and **R** is **NOT** the correct explanation of **A**.
- (2) A is correct but R is not correct.
- (3) Both **A** and **R** are correct and **R** is the correct explanation of **A**.
- (4) A is not correct but R is correct.
- **46.** According to Bohr's theory, the moment of momentum of an electron revolving in 4th orbit of hydrogen atom is:
 - (1) $8\frac{h}{\pi}$
- (2) $\frac{h}{\pi}$
- (3) $2\frac{h}{\pi}$
- (4) $\frac{h}{2\pi}$

- 47. A sample of gas at temperature T is adiabatically expanded to double its volume. Adiabatic constant for the gas is $\gamma = 3/2$. The work done by the gas in the process is: $(\mu = 1 \text{ mole})$
 - (1) $RT \left[\sqrt{2} 2 \right]$
 - (2) RT $\left[1-2\sqrt{2}\right]$
 - (3) $RT \left[2\sqrt{2} 1 \right]$
 - (4) $RT \left[2 \sqrt{2} \right]$
- **48.** A charge q is placed at the center of one of the surface of a cube. The flux linked with the cube is:-
 - $(1)\ \frac{q}{4\in_{_{\!0}}}$
- $(2) \ \frac{q}{2 \in_{0}}$
- $(3) \ \frac{q}{8 \in_{0}}$
- (4) Zero
- 49. Applying the principle of homogeneity of dimensions, determine which one is correct. where T is time period, G is gravitational constant, M is mass, r is radius of orbit.
 - (1) $T^2 = \frac{4\pi^2 r}{GM^2}$
 - (2) $T^2 = 4\pi^2 r^3$
 - (3) $T^2 = \frac{4\pi^2 r^3}{GM}$
 - (4) $T^2 = \frac{4\pi^2 r^2}{GM}$
- **50.** A 90 kg body placed at 2R distance from surface of earth experiences gravitational pull of:
 - $(R = Radius of earth, g = 10 ms^{-2})$
 - (1) 300 N
- (2) 225 N
- (3) 120 N
- (4) 100 N

- 51. The displacement of a particle executing SHM is given by $x = 10 \sin \left(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{3} \right) m$. The time period of motion is 3.14 s. The velocity of the particle at t = 0 is _____ m/s.
- 52. A bus moving along a straight highway with speed of 72 km/h is brought to halt within 4s after applying the brakes. The distance travelled by the bus during this time (Assume the retardation is uniform) is _____m.
- 53. A parallel plate capacitor of capacitance 12.5 pF is charged by a battery connected between its plates to potential difference of 12.0 V. The battery is now disconnected and a dielectric slab (∈_r = 6) is inserted between the plates. The change in its potential energy after inserting the dielectric slab is ____x 10⁻¹² J.
- 54. In a system two particles of masses m₁ = 3kg and m₂ = 2kg are placed at certain distance from each other. The particle of mass m₁ is moved towards the center of mass of the system through a distance 2cm. In order to keep the center of mass of the system at the original position, the particle of mass m₂ should move towards the center of mass by the distance ____ cm.
- 55. The disintegration energy Q for the nuclear fission of $^{235}U \rightarrow ^{140}Ce + ^{94}Zr + n$ is ____MeV.

Given atomic masses of

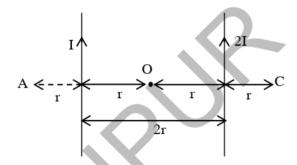
²³⁵U: 235.0439u; ¹⁴⁰ Ce; 139.9054u,

94 Zr: 93.9063u; n:1.0086u,

Value of $c^2 = 931 \text{ MeV/u}$.

- A light ray is incident on a glass slab of thickness
 4√3 cm and refractive index √2. The angle of incidence is equal to the critical angle for the glass slab with air. The lateral displacement of ray after passing through glass slab is ____cm.
 (Given sin 15° = 0.25)
- 57. A rod of length 60 cm rotates with a uniform angular velocity 20 rad s⁻¹ about its perpendicular bisector, in a uniform magnetic field 0.5 T. The direction of magnetic field is parallel to the axis of rotation. The potential difference between the two ends of the rod is ____V.
- 58. Two wires A and B are made up of the same material and have the same mass. Wire A has radius of 2.0 mm and wire B has radius of 4.0 mm. The resistance of wire B is 2Ω. The resistance of wire A is ____Ω.

59. Two parallel long current carrying wire separated by a distance 2r are shown in the figure. The ratio of magnetic field at A to the magnetic field produced at C is \(\frac{x}{7}\). The value of x is \(\begin{array}{c} \text{...} \end{array}\).



60. Mercury is filled in a tube of radius 2 cm up to a height of 30 cm. The force exerted by mercury on the bottom of the tube is ___N.

(Given, atmospheric pressure = 10^5 Nm⁻², density of mercury = 1.36×10^4 kg m⁻³, g = 10 ms⁻², $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)